



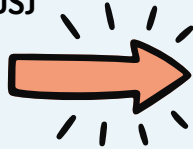
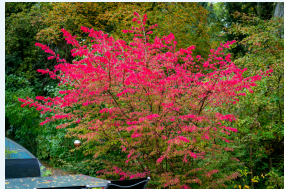
# Plant Native, Not Invasive!

In January 2026, the Invasive Species Management Act was signed into law and regulates the sale, distribution, and propagation of designated invasive plant species to protect native ecosystems. This spring, visit one of NJ Audubon's Native Plant sales to purchase these invasive substitutes!  
<https://njudubon.org/native-plant-sales/>

## Instead of:

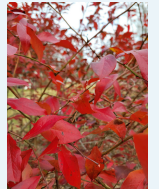
## Plant this:

### BURNING BUSH (EUONYMUS ALATUS)



### HIGHBUSH BLUEBERRY (VACCINIUM CORYMBOSUM)

Highbush Blueberry has a brilliant fall color, similar to burning bush. It is also a good choice for well drained and acidic soil. Spicebush can be a suitable alternative if you have clay soils; its foliage is a golden yellow, it produces berries for wildlife and is the host plant for the Spicebush swallowtail caterpillar.

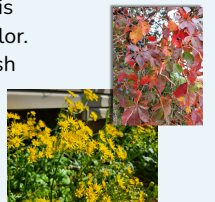


### ENGLISH IVY (HEDERA HELIX)

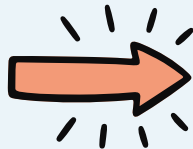


### VIRGINIA CREEPER (PARTHENOCISSUS QUINQUEFOLIA) OR GOLDEN RAGWORT (PACKERA AUREA)

If you are looking for a climbing vine, Virginia creeper is better behaved in the garden and has beautiful fall color. It can be used in similar landscape situations as English Ivy and does not kill the trees that it climbs. For situations where a groundcover is desired, Golden Ragwort is a wonderful alternative. It retains its basal leaves through the winter months.

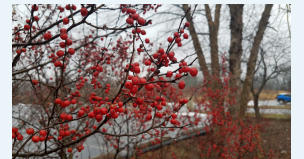


### JAPANESE BARBERRY (BERBERIS THUNBERGII)

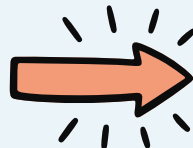


### WINTERBERRY HOLLY (ILEX VERTICILLATA)

Winterberry Holly produces small, white flowers in the spring that are beloved by a variety of insect pollinators. Winterberry holly does not have thorns like Japanese Barberry does. It holds on to its bright red berries through the winter, which are an important food source to wildlife during the harsher times of the year.

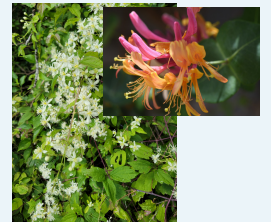


### CHINESE WISTERIA (WISTERIA SINENSIS)

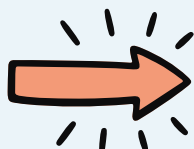


### CORAL HONEYSUCKLE (LONICERA SEMPERVIRENS) OR WOODBINE (CLEMATIS VIRGINIANA)

Coral Honeysuckle is a quick growing vine that can be used on a trellis or fence like Wisteria. It attracts hummingbirds, butterflies, bees, and has a long bloom time. Woodbine produces delicate white flowers that bloom in late summer for about a month.

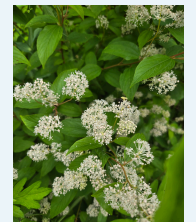


### ORIENTAL PHOTINIA (PHOURTHIAEA VILLOSA)

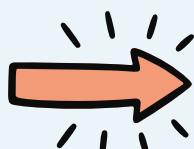


### NJ TEA (CEANOTHUS AMERICANUS)

NJ Tea produces beautiful white flowers in a cluster, similar to Oriental Photinia. It is a valuable early nectar source in the spring for pollinators and wildlife consumes its seeds. It does best in full sun-light shade in well-drained soil.



### WEeping LOVEGRASS (ERAGROSTIS CURVULA)



### LITTLE BLUESTEM (SCHIZACHYRIUM SCOPARIUM)

Little Bluestem is a native bunch grass that offers rusty-orange fall color in the garden. It can be used in the landscape when clumping grasses are desired, and it produces seed that is consumed by wildlife.

